

# GOVERNMENT SECURITIES MANAGEMENT

July 9, 2024





# Outline

- 1. BUDGET FINANCING STRATEGY & REALIZATION
- 2. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES PERFORMANCE



# **BUDGET FINANCING STRATEGY & REALIZATION**



### 2024 STATE BUDGET – DEFICIT 2.29% GDP

To accelerate inclusive and sustainable economic transformation



### djppr BASIC MACROECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS & DEVELOPMENT TARGETS AND INDICATORS FOR 2024

### Basic Macroeconomic Assumptions

Indonesia's economic growth is projected to remain relatively strong, supported by maintained macroeconomic stability amidst global uncertainty

INDICATORS	2024
Economic Growth (%)	5.2
Inflation (%, yoy)	2.8
Section Exchange Rate (IDR/US\$)	15,000
<b>III.</b> SBN-10 year yield (%)	6.7
Oil Prices (US\$/barrel)	82
Dil Lifting (rbph)	635
Gas Lifting (rbsmph)	1,033

### Development Targets and Indicators

Development targets and development indicators in 2024 are in line with efforts to encourage increasingly high-quality and inclusive economic growth

COMPONENTS	2024
Linemployment (%)	5.0 – 5.7
mi Poverty (%)	6.5 – 7.5
🔄 Gini Ratio (index)	0.374 – 0.377
🗳 Human Development Index	73.99 – 74.02
💼 Farmer Exchange Rates	105 – 108
놜 Fisherman's Exchange Rate	107 – 110



### **STATE BUDGET DEFICIT 2,29% GDP**

State Budget Deficit Decreases in Line with Fiscal Consolidation to Support Fiscal Sustainability

### Primary Balance and Deficit to GDP 2014 - 2024



### 2024 Financing Policies

- Primary balance approaching positivity. The State Budget (APBN), serving as a shock absorber in handling the pandemic, caused the negative primary balance to surge significantly, but was successfully reduced swiftly.
- APBN deficit and debt financing decreased and remained manageable amid increasing global interest rates and in line with fiscal consolidation.
- Effective and measurable investment financing to support economic transformation.
- **Optimizing the use of SAL** to anticipate global uncertainty.





# **djppr** 2024 STATE BUDGET REALIZATION

Account		202	2024					
(IDRtn)	Perpres 75/2023	Realization ao May 31	Growth (%)	LKPP (Unaudited)	Budget	Realization ao May 31	% to budget	Growth (%)
A. Revenue	2,637.2	1,209.0	13.0	2,783.7	2,802.3	1,123.5	40.1	(7.1)
I. Tax Revenue	2,118.3	948.8	12,2	2,154.2	2,309.9	869.5	37.6	(8.4)
1. Tax	1,818.2	830.5	17.7	1,867.9	1,988.9	760.4	38.2	(8.4)
2. Custom & Excise	300.1	118.4	(15.6)	286.3	321.0	109.1	34.0	(7.8)
II. Non-Tax Revenu	515.8	260.0	16.0	612.6	492.0	251.4	51.1	(3.3)
B. Expenditure	3,117.2	1,004.9	7.1	3,121.2	3,325.1	1,145.3	34.4	14.0
I. Central Government	2,302.5	714.5	9.3	2,239.7	2,467.5	824.3	33,4	15.4
II. Regional Transfer & Village Funds	814.7	290.3	2.1	881.4	857.6	321.0	37.4	10.5
C. Primary Balance	(38.5)	390.1	30.6	102.5	(25.5)	184.2	(722.0)	(52.8)
D. Surplus (Deficit)	(479.9)	204.1	54.7	(337.4)	(522.8)	(21.8)	4.2	(110.7)
% to GDP	(2.27)	0.97		(1.62)	(2.29)	(0.10)		
E. Financing	479.9	118.6	41.8	356.7	522.8	84.6	16.2	(28.7)

### djppr<sup>2</sup> 2024 DEFICIT FINANCING REALIZATION

	2023				2024			
Budget Financing (IDR Trillion)	Perpres 75/23	Real a.o May 31	Growth (%)	LKPP (Unaudited)	Budget	Real a.o May 31	% to budget	Growth (%)
Budget Financing	479,9	118,6	41,8	356,7	522,8	84,6	16,2	(28,7)
1. Debt Financing	421,2	150,5	65,0	404,0	648,1	132,2	20,4	(12,2)
such as a. Govt Securities (nett)	437,8	144,5	92,0	308,2	666,4	141,6	21,3	(2,0)
2. Non-Debt Financing	58,7	(31,9)	319,2	(47,3)	(125,3)	(47,6)	37,9	49,2

- As of May 31<sup>st</sup> 2024, debt financing (nett) amounted to IDR132.2 trillion (20.4% of total budget).
- Budget financing through debt remains manageable, supported by the optimization of government securities issuance (auction and retail) and loans from multilateral and bilateral institutions, as well as the utilization of SAL.
- To achieve the most efficient and optimal financing, we execute financing strategies in a flexible and opportunistic manner in terms of timing, tenor, currency, and instrument.

# djppr GS ISSUANCE REALIZATION 2023-2024

		(Trillion IDR)		
	2023	ao Jul 9, 2024		
Government Securities	807.25	630.43		
Government Debt Securities (SUN)	506.05	419.78		
IDR Denominated	447.08	367.52		
- Prefunding	-	25.93		
- Auction	369.92	298.21		
- Private Placement	11.57			
- Retail	65.59	43.36		
FX Denominated	58.97	52.26		
Sovereign Sharia Securities (SBSN)	301.20	210.64		
IDR Denominated	269.80	172.21		
- Prefunding	-	13.14		
- Auction	181.00	117.89		
- Private Placement	6.83	0.17		
- Retail	61.94	41.00		
FX Denominated	31.40	38.43		



# GOVERNMENT SECURITIES PERFORMANCE

**PRIMARY MARKET PERFORMANCE 2023-2024** 

Government Securities (GS)

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### **PRIMARY MARKET PERFORMANCE 2023-2024**

Government Debt Securities (GDS)

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### **djppr SECONDARY MARKET PERFORMANCE**



#### **Peers 10y Govt Bonds' Yield**

LCY 10 Year Government Bonds (a.o Jul 9,2024)	Latest Yield (%)	Prev Day Change (in bps)	YTD Change (in bps)
CN	2,28	(1,40)	(28,50)
ID	7,06	3,20	58,30
JP	1,09	(0,30)	47,80
KR	3,20	(1,00)	2,50
MY	3,85	(0,70)	12,20
SG	3,20	1,00	50,80
TH	2,65	-	(2,60)
VN	2,80	1,40	55,80

#### **Average Daily Trading (IDR Trillion)**



Source : BI-SSSS

Source : Bloomberg

# **W** djppr **OWNERSHIP OF TRADABLE DOMESTIC GS**

Description	Dec-2	20	Dec-2	1	Dec-2	2	Dec-2	3	Jul-24	1		
Banks*	1.375,57	35,54%	1.591,12	34,01%	1.697,43	31,97%	1.578,26	28,14%	1.282,70	22,08%	8%	Portion of for
Govt Institutions (Bank Indonesia**)	454,36	11,74%	801,46	17,13%	1.020,02	19,21%	999,44	17,82%	1.331,10	22,92%	3.7	in the mid & lo (≥ 5
Bank Indonesia (gross)	874,88	22,60%	1.220,73	26,09%	1.453,58	27,38%	1.363,42	24,31%	1.409,34	24,26%	9	(
GS used for Monetary Operation	420,51	10,86%	419,27	8,96%	433,57	8,17%	363,98	6,49%	78,23	1,35%		
Non-Banks	2.040,83	52,72%	2.286,40	48,87%	2.591,98	48,82%	3.031,77	54,05%	3.194,38	55,00%	02	on Januar foreign holder
Mutual Funds	161,32	4,17%	157,93	3,38%	145,82	2,75%	177,95	3,17%	180,82	3,11%	92	high in no
Insurance Company and Pension Fund	542,82	14,02%	655,24	14,00%	873,03	16,44%	1.034,95	18,45%	1.107,49	19,07%	1,0	
Foreign Holders	973,91	25,16%	891,34	19,05%	762,19	14,36%	838,52	14,95%	809,44	13,94%	DR	
Foreign Govt's & Central Banks	178,31	4,61%	233,45	4,99%	203,11	3,83%	227,35	4,05%	234,80	4,04%		
Individual	131,21	3,39%	221,41	4,73%	344,30	6,48%	431,92	7,70%	500,82	8,62%		
Others	231,57	5,98%	360,47	7,70%	466,65	8,79%	548,43	9,78%	595,81	10,26%		
Total	3.870,76	100%	4.678,98	100%	5.309,43	100%	5.609,48	100%	5.808,18	100%		

Portion of foreign ownership in the mid & long term sector (≥ 5 years)

on January 24, 2020, foreign holders reach a record high in nominal terms

1) Non Resident consists of Private Bank, Fund/Asset

Manager, Securities Company, Insurance

Company, and Pension Fund.

2) Others such as Securities Company, Corporation, and Foundation.

\*) Including the Government Securities used in monetary operation with Bank Indonesia.

\*\*) net, excluding Government Securities used in monetary operation with Banks.

Source : SI-BISSSS



### b djppr FOREIGN INVESTOR ACTIVITY

Foreign investor mostly dominated by high quality long term investor



Monthly Net Buyer (Seller) - Non Resident



Source : BI-SSSS

# djppr SEC14 DEAL REVIEW

Issuer	Republic of Indonesia						
Issuer Rating	Baa2 (Moody's) / BBB (S&P) / BBB (Fitch)						
Format		SEC-Registered					
Pricing Date		January 3, 2024					
Settlement Date		January 10, 2024					
Issue Size		USD2.05 bn					
Tenor	Long-5 year	Long-10 year	Long-30 year				
Maturity	March 10, 2029	Februay 10, 2034	Februay 10, 2054				
Tranche Size	USD500 milion	USD650 milion	USD900 milion				
Coupon (p.a.)	4.400%	4.700%	5.100%				
Reoffer Price	98.852	98.810	98.481				
Reoffer Yield	4.650%	4.850%	5.200%				
JLM	ANZ, BofA Securities, Deutsche Bank, Morgan Stanley dan UBS						
Listing	SGX-ST and Frankfurt Stock Exchange						
Use of Proceeds	Net proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used for the general purposes of the Republic						

#### Key Transaction Highlight

- Benefiting from the Republic's robust credit profile, the offering drew significant investor interest from the get-go, with a high quality orderbook allowing significant IPG-FPG tightening
- The long 5-year, long 10-year and long 30-year tranches were priced 25bps, 20bps and 25bps respectively inside of its initial price guidance, achieving flat to negative new issue concessions
- The Republic achieved the tightest spreads across all tranches compared to the Republic's past SEC-registered offerings
- Pin-point pricing resulted in a stable first day morning of trading at Asia open, with bonds trading around reoffer price



# djppr 2024 SAMURAI BONDS DEAL REVIEW

Issuer	Republic of Indonesia								
Bond Rating		Baa2 (Moody's), BBB (S&P), BBB (Fitch)							
Format				Samurai					
Pricing Date				May 17, 2024					
Settlement Date		May 27, 2024							
Total Size		JPY 200bn							
Tenor	3 years	5 years	7 years	10 years	7 years	10 years	20 years		
Maturity	May 27, 2027	May 25, 2029	May 27, 2031	May 26, 2034	May 27, 2031	May 26, 2034	May 27, 2044		
Tranche Size	JPY80.0bn	JPY88.0bn	JPY17.7bn	JPY19.3bn	JPY2.0bn	JPY6.8bn	JPY16.2bn		
Coupon (p.a.)	0.99%	1.33%	1.57%	1.91%	1.57%	1.91%	2.55%		
Reoffer Spread (bp)	MS+50	MS+70	MS+80	MS+80	MS+92	MS+103			
JLM	Daiwa / Mizuho / Nomura / SMBC Nikko								

Blue Bond

#### **Deal Highlight**

- On May 17, the Republic of Indonesia ("Rol") successfully priced a JPY 200bn multitranche Samurai Bonds transaction with blue tranches, marking the tenth consecutive year to access to the Samurai market as well as Rol's second blue bonds following the inaugural issuance last year.
- The transaction marked a number of important milestones including:
  - 1. The largest transaction size from Rol in the JPY bond markets with well oversubscribed orderbook
  - 2. The largest issuance size from a sovereign issuer in the history of the Samurai market
  - 3. The largest (JPY 25bn) and longest (20yr) blue bond issuance ever in the JPY bond markets
- The Rol has successfully priced 3yr and 5yr at spreads below those of the previous year and achieved the largest issue volume in 7yr and longer tranches, and issuance of 20 year for the first time since 2021. The successful transaction underscores the robust yen bond market and the strong investor base bolstered by Rol's annual issuances.

#### Investor Breakdown



# djppr<sup>2</sup> 2024 GLOBAL SUKUK TRANSACTION SUMMARY

lssuer		Perusahaan Penerbit SBSN Indonesia III					
Issue Format	144A / Reg S, Senior, Unsecured, Wakala US\$ Trust Certificate ("Sukuk") issued under a USD\$35 billion Trust Certificate Issuance Programme						
Issuer Ratings		Baa2 Stb (Moody's)	BBB Stb (S&P) / BBB Stb (Fitch)				
Issue Ratings		Baa2 (Moody's	) / BBB (S&P) / BBB (Fitch)				
Pricing Date		2	25 June 2024				
Issue Date		2 .	luly 2024 (T+5)				
Tenor	5Y Sukuk	USD 10Y Sukuk	USD 30Y Sukuk (Green)				
Maturity Date	2 July 2029	2 July 2034	2 July 2054				
Tranche Size	USD 750 million	USD 1 billion	USD 600 million				
Profit Rate	5.10% Fixed, Semi- annual, 30/360	5.20% Fixed, Semi- annual,30/360	5.50% Fixed, Semi-annual 30/360				
Re-Offer Price	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%				
Reoffer Spread	UST + 83 bps	UST + 96 bps	UST + 111 bps				
Reg S ISIN	USY68613AA90	USY68613AB73	USY68613AC56				
144A ISIN	US71567TAA07	US71567TAB89	US71567TAC62				
Use of Proceeds	receives from the issue	The Obligor intends to use the net proceeds it receives from the issue of Sukuk to meet part of its general financing requirements. The Obligor intends to invest an amount equal to the net proceeds from the issue of the trust certificates exclusively to finance or re-finance expenditure directly related to "Eligible SDGs Expenditures with Green and Blue focus" as defined in the Obligor's SDGs Government Securities Framework.					
Other Details	USD200k/1k denoms., E	English / Indonesian Law					
Listing	SGX-ST and Nasdaq Du						
Joint Bookrunners	Citigroup (B&D), Dubai Is	Citigroup (B&D), Dubai Islamic Bank, HSBC, Mandiri Securities and MUFG Securities					
Co-Managers	PT BRI Danareksa Sekuritas and PT Trimegah Sekuritas Indonesia Tbk						

#### **Deal Highlight**

- Several notable achievements of this transaction include:
  - 1. Negative NIC for the 5-year tranche, and a low NICs for the 10 and 30 years
  - 2. Peak orderbook stood at US\$ 8.0 billion, at 3.42x cover allowing 30bps tightening across all tranches, the steepest tightening from Indonesian global bonds issuance this year
  - 3. Higher allocation to Islamic/Middle Eastern investors for the 5 and 10 year compared to 2023 issuance, increasing the diversity of investor base of ROI's securities
  - 4. Largest USD issuance from ASEAN issuers this year

• The 30-year Green Sukuk tranche is the seventh global Green Sukuk issued by the Republic, and the second since the Republic published its SDGs Government Securities Framework in August 2021.

#### **ORDERBOOK DISTRIBUTION**

5-Year USD	10-Year USD	30-Year USD
US\$ 1.50bn+	US\$ 1.80bn+	US\$ 1.20bn+
From 52 accounts	From 59 accounts	From 76 accounts

#### INVESTORS BY GEOGRAPHY (ALLOCATION)



#### **INVESTORS BY TYPE (ALLOCATION)**





### SOLID POLICY COORDINATION IN MANAGING FINANCIAL MARKETS VOLATILITY



The enactment of Law No. 9/2016 regarding Prevention and Mitigation of Financial System Crises as a legal foundation for the government to serves at the time of financial crisis in the form of Financial System Stability Committee (KSSK)



KSSK members: the Ministry of Finance, Bank Indonesia, the Finansial Services Authority, and the Deposit Insurance Corporation



Most important provisions stipulated in the Law:

- Financial system stability monitoring and maintenance by KSSK members
- based on crisis management protocol of each member;
- Prevention of financial system crisis , including the mitigation of
- systemically important bank's liquidity and solvency problems;
- Recovery Plan for Systemically Important Banks
- Bank Restructuring Program

#### **Gov't Securities CMP Level**



### Gov't Securities Crisis Management Protocol (CMP)

#### Indicators:

- Yield of benchmark series
- o Exchange rate
- o Jakarta Composite Index
- Foreign ownership in government securities

#### Policies to address the crisis at every level :

- Repurchase the government securities at secondary market
- Postpone or stop the issuance

#### **Bond Stabilization Framework**

	First Line of Defense					
State's Budget	<ul> <li>Buyback fund at DG of Budget Financing and Risk Management</li> <li>Investment fund at Public Service Agency (BLU) (min. level Normal Aware)</li> </ul>					
State Owned Enterprises (BUMN)'s Budget	Related SOEs (min. level Normal Aware)					
State Owned Enterprises (BUMN)'s Budget	Related SOEs (min. level Normal Aware)					
	First Line of Defense					
State's Budget	<ul> <li>State General Treasury Account (Rekening KUN) (min. level Normal Alert)</li> <li>Accumulated cash surplus (SAL) (min. Level Suspected Crisis)</li> </ul>					

# THANK YOU



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