

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES MANAGEMENT

Sep 17, 2024





Outline

- 1. BUDGET FINANCING STRATEGY & REALIZATION
- 2. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES PERFORMANCE



BUDGET FINANCING STRATEGY & REALIZATION

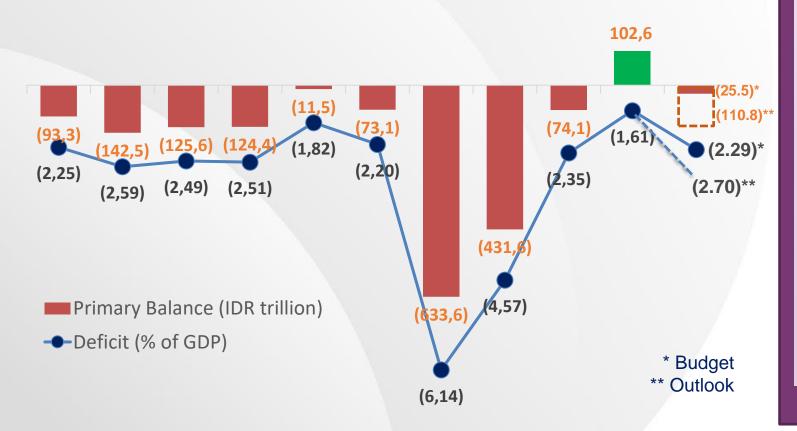


STATE BUDGET DEFICIT 2,70% GDP

State Budget Deficit Decreases in Line with Fiscal Consolidation to Support Fiscal Sustainability

Primary Balance and Deficit to GDP 2014 - 2024

2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024



2024 Financing Policies

- Primary balance approaching positivity.
 The State Budget (APBN), serving as a shock absorber in handling the pandemic, caused the negative primary balance to surge significantly, but was successfully reduced swiftly.
- APBN deficit and debt financing decreased and remained manageable amid increasing global interest rates and in line with fiscal consolidation.
- Effective and measurable investment financing to support economic transformation.
- Optimizing the use of SAL to anticipate global uncertainty.



2024 FINANCING NEEDS & SOURCES

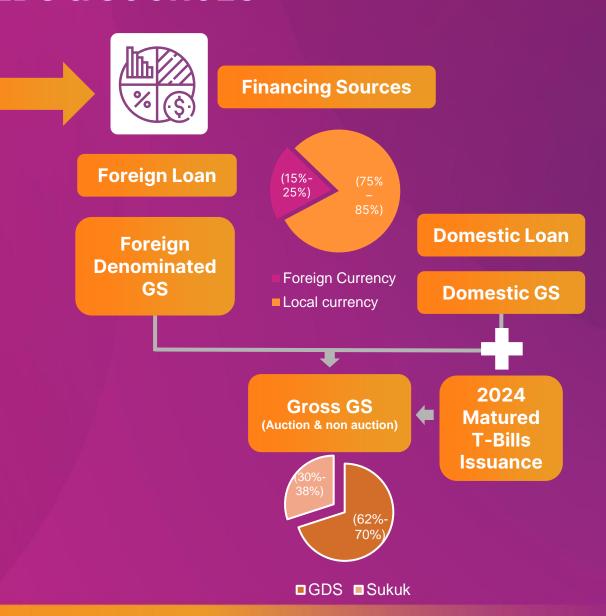


Financing Needs

Outlook Budget Deficit (2.70% GDP)



- Investment financing
- On Lending
- Guarantees
- Other financing
- Debt repayment





djppr 2024 STATE BUDGET REALIZATION

Account		2023				2024			
(IDRtn)	Perpres 75/2023	Realization ao July 31st	Growth (%)	LKPP (Unaudited)	Budget	Realization ao July 31 st	% to budget	Growth (%)	
A. Revenue	2,637.2	1,614.9	4.1	2,783.9	2,802.3	1,545.4	55.1	(4.3)	
I. Tax Revenue	2,118.3	1,258.9	3.7	2,154.2	2,309.9	1,199.7	51.9	(4.7)	
1. Tax	1,818.2	1,109.1	7.8	1,867.9	1,988.9	1,045.3	52.6	(5.8)	
2. Custom & Excise	300.1	149.8	(19.1)	286.3	321.0	154.4	48.1	3.1	
II. Non-Tax Revenu	515.8	355.7	5.5	612.5	492.0	338.0	68.7	(5.0)	
B. Expenditure	3,117.2	1,461.2	1.2	3,121.2	3,325.1	1,638.8	49.3	12.2	
I. Central Government	2,302.5	1,020.4	(1.0)	2,239.8	2,467.5	1,170.8	47.5	14.7	
II. Regional Transfer & Village Funds	814.7	440.9	6.6	881.4	857.6	468.0	54.6	6.1	
C. Primary Balance	(38.5)	394.6	24.6	102.6	(25.5)	179.3	(703.2)	(54.6)	
D. Surplus (Deficit)	(479.9)	153.7	44.2	(337.3)	(522.8)	(93.4)	17.9	(160.8)	
% to GDP	(2.27)	0.74		(1.61)	(2.29)	(0.41)			
E. Financing	479.9	164.5	(16.7)	356.7	522.8	217.0	41.5	31.9	



2024 DEFICIT FINANCING REALIZATION

	2023 (end of year) - IDR	trillion	2024 (as of July) - IDR trillion			
	Budget	Realization (Audited)	% of Budget	Budget	Realization (Preliminary)	% of Budget	
Debt Financing	421.2	403.95	95.9	648.1	266.3	41.1	
GS (nett)	437.8	308.19	70.4	666.4	253.0	38.0	
Non Debt Financing	58.7	(47.3)	(80.6)	(125.3)	(49.3)	39.4	

- By adhering to prudent, measured, opportunistic, and flexible principles, budget financing management through debt and non-debt instruments remains under control.
- The deepening of the domestic market and the strengthening of the financial system, which involves synergy across the fiscal, monetary, and financial sectors, continue to enhance the independence of state budget financing.
- Deficit control goes together with the development of innovative and creative financing to maintain fiscal sustainability.



djppr GS ISSUANCE REALIZATION 2023-2024

(Trillion IDR)

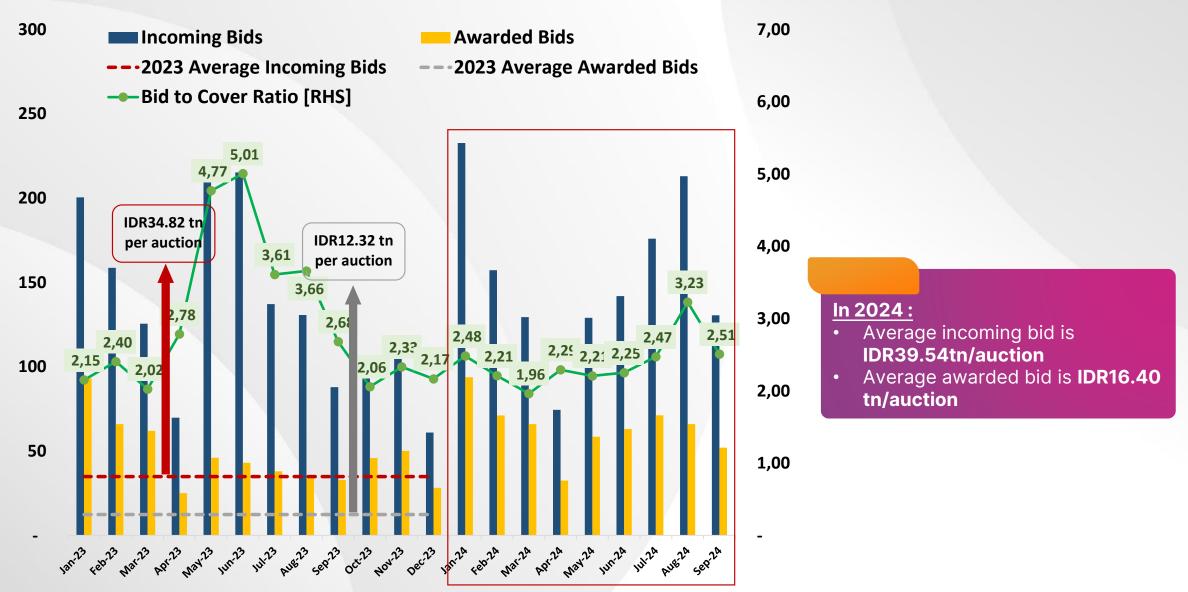
	2023	ao Sep 17, 2024
Government Securities	807.25	832.64
Government Debt Securities (SUN)	506.05	579.40
IDR Denominated	447.08	486.52
- Prefunding	-	25.93
- Auction	369.92	414.21
- Private Placement	11.57	3.00
- Retail	65.59	43.38
FX Denominated	58.97	92.88
Sovereign Sharia Securities (SBSN)	301.20	253.24
IDR Denominated	269.80	214.81
- Prefunding		13.14
- Auction	181.00	159.89
- Private Placement	6.83	0.77
- Retail	61.94	41.00
FX Denominated	31.40	38.43



GOVERNMENT SECURITIES PERFORMANCE

PRIMARY MARKET PERFORMANCE 2023-2024

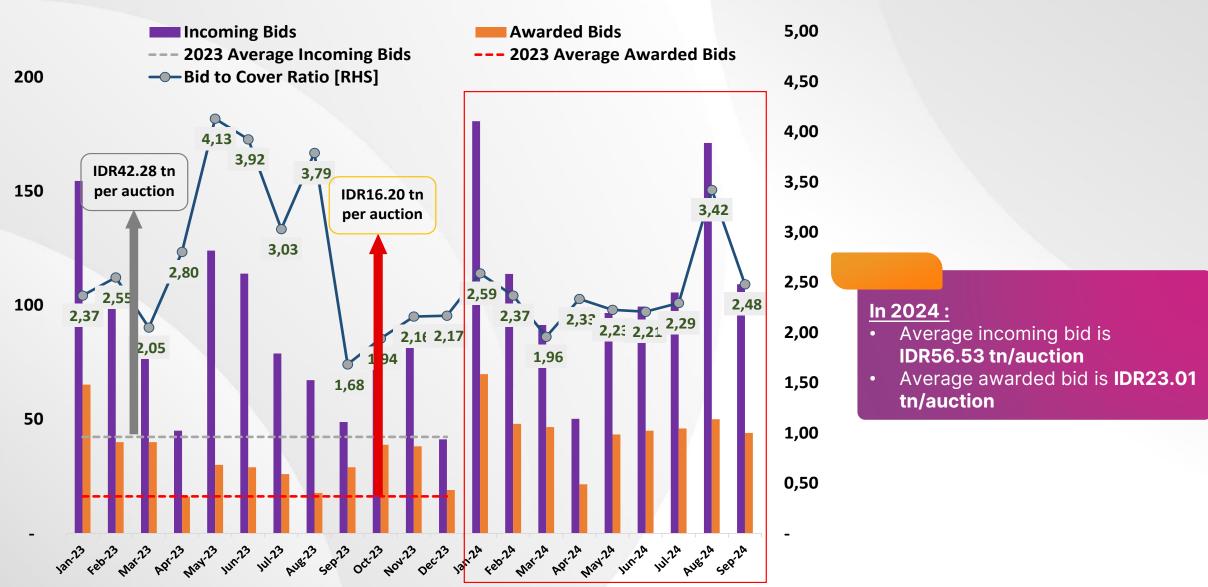
Government Securities (GS)





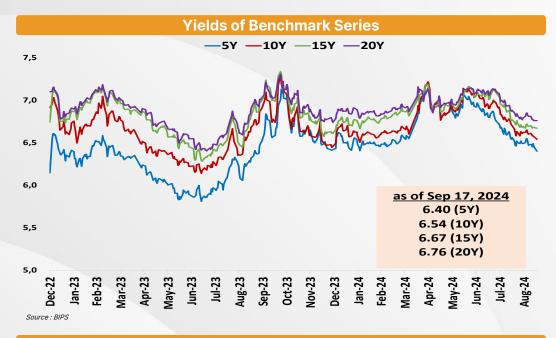
PRIMARY MARKET PERFORMANCE 2023-2024

Government Debt Securities (GDS)





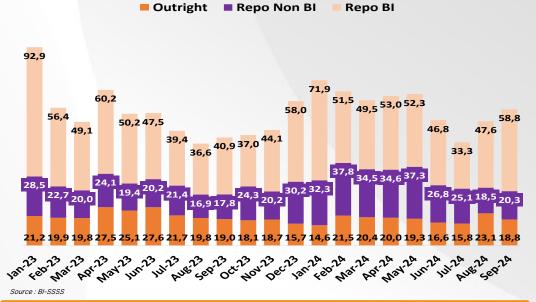
SECONDARY MARKET PERFORMANCE



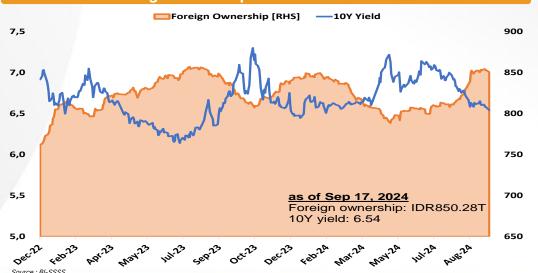
P	eers 1	Ov Go	vt Bor	nds' Y	'ield

LCY 10 Year Government Bonds (a.o Sep 17,2024)	Latest Yield (%)	Prev Day Change (in bps)	YTD Change (in bps)
CN	2,07	-	(48,80)
ID	6,57	(0,80)	8,90
JP	0,83	(1,90)	21,50
KR	2,93	-	(24,80)
MY	3,71	(2,00)	(2,20)
SG	2,40	(1,80)	(29,40)
TH	2,50	(3,30)	(17,60)
VN	2,69	(0,80)	45,30





Foreign Ownership V. 10Y Yield Movement





OWNERSHIP OF TRADABLE DOMESTIC GS

Description	Dec-2	20	Dec-21	1	Dec-2	2	Dec-2	3	Sep-2	4
Banks*	1.375,57	35,54%	1.591,12	34,01%	1.697,43	31,97%	1.578,26	28,14%	1.133,34	19,32%
Govt Institutions (Bank Indonesia**)	454,36	11,74%	801,46	17,13%	1.020,02	19,21%	999,44	17,82%	1.495,15	25,49%
Bank Indonesia (gross)	874,88	22,60%	1.220,73	26,09%	1.453,58	27,38%	1.363,42	24,31%	1.422,10	24,24%
GS used for Monetary Operation	420,51	10,86%	419,27	8,96%	433,57	8,17%	363,98	6,49%	(73,05)	-1,25%
Non-Banks	2.040,83	52,72%	2.286,40	48,87%	2.591,98	48,82%	3.031,77	54,05%	3.238,23	55,20%
Mutual Funds	161,32	4,17%	157,93	3,38%	145,82	2,75%	177,95	3,17%	185,71	3,17%
Insurance Company and Pension Fund	542,82	14,02%	655,24	14,00%	873,03	16,44%	1.034,95	18,45%	1.106,04	18,85%
Foreign Holders	973,91	25,16%	891,34	19,05%	762,19	14,36%	838,52	14,95%	850,28	14,49%
Foreign Govt's & Central Banks	178,31	4,61%	233,45	4,99%	203,11	3,83%	227,35	4,05%	244,82	4,17%
Individual	131,21	3,39%	221,41	4,73%	344,30	6,48%	431,92	7,70%	493,79	8,42%
Others	231,57	5,98%	360,47	7,70%	466,65	8,79%	548,43	9,78%	602,42	10,27%
Total	3.870,76	100%	4.678,98	100%	5.309,43	100%	5.609,48	100%	5.866,73	100%

Portion of foreign ownership in the mid & long term sector (≥ 5 years)

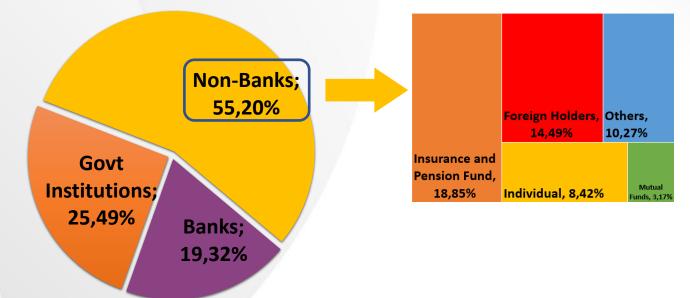
64.93%

IDR1,092.02

on January 24, 2020, foreign holders reach a record high in nominal terms

- 2) Others such as Securities Company, Corporation, and Foundation.
- *) Including the Government Securities used in monetary operation with Bank Indonesia.
- **) net, excluding Government Securities used in monetary operation with Banks.

Source : SI-BISSSS

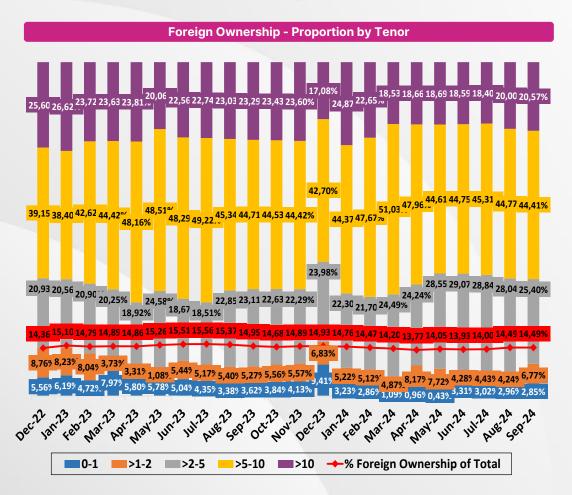


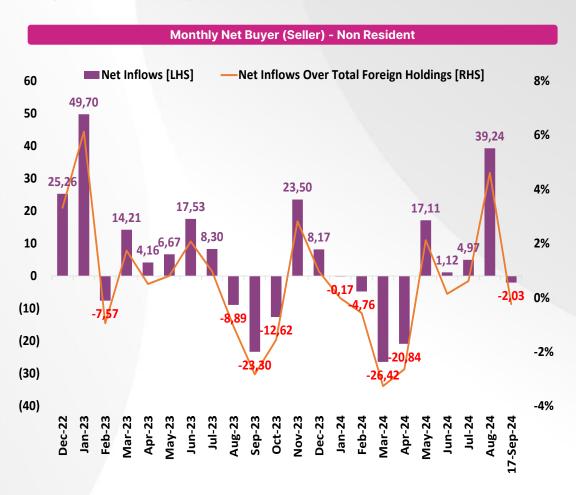
¹⁾ Non Resident consists of Private Bank, Fund/Asset Manager, Securities Company, Insurance Company, and Pension Fund.



FOREIGN INVESTOR ACTIVITY

Foreign investor mostly dominated by high quality long term investor







djppr SEC14 DEAL REVIEW

Issuer	Republic of Indonesia					
Issuer Rating	Baa2 (Moody's) / BBB (S&P) / BBB (Fitch)					
Format		SEC-Registered				
Pricing Date		January 3, 2024				
Settlement Date		January 10, 2024				
Issue Size	USD2.05 bn					
Tenor	Long-5 year	Long-30 year				
Maturity	March 10, 2029	Februay 10, 2034	Februay 10, 2054			
Tranche Size	USD500 milion	USD650 milion	USD900 milion			
Coupon (p.a.)	4.400%	4.700%	5.100%			
Reoffer Price	98.852	98.810	98.481			
Reoffer Yield	4.650%	4.850%	5.200%			
JLM	ANZ, BofA Securities, Deutsche Bank, Morgan Stanley dan UBS					
Listing	SGX-ST and Frankfurt Stock Exchange					
Use of Proceeds	Net proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used for the general purposes of the Republic					

Key Transaction Highlight

- Benefiting from the Republic's robust credit profile, the offering drew significant investor interest from the get-go, with a high quality orderbook allowing significant IPG-FPG tightening
- The long 5-year, long 10-year and long 30-year tranches were priced 25bps, 20bps and 25bps respectively inside of its initial price guidance, achieving flat to negative new issue concessions
- The Republic achieved the tightest spreads across all tranches compared to the Republic's past SEC-registered offerings
- Pin-point pricing resulted in a stable first day morning of trading at Asia open, with bonds trading around reoffer price

	Allocation by Investor Type	Allocation by Geography	
5Y	CB/SWF 13% FM 48% Banks 31%	US 17% EMEA 52% ASIA 31%	>US\$1.5bn 3x covered across 105 accounts
10Y	CB/SWF 2% PF/INS/PB 6% FM 50% Banks 42%	US 9% 32% ASIA 59%	>US\$1.65bn 2.5x covered across 94 accounts
30Y	CB/SWF 9% INS/PF/PB 33% Banks 5%	EMEA 23% US 40% ASIA 37%	>US\$1.75bn 1.9x covered across 113 accounts



2024 SAMURAI BONDS DEAL REVIEW

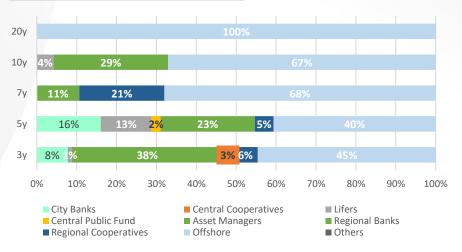
Issuer		Republic of Indonesia								
Bond Rating		Baa2 (Moody's), BBB (S&P), BBB (Fitch)								
Format				Samurai						
Pricing Date				May 17, 2024						
Settlement Date		May 27, 2024								
Total Size		JPY 200bn								
Tenor	3 years	5 years	7 years	10 years	7 years	10 years	20 years			
Maturity	May 27, 2027	May 25, 2029	May 27, 2031	May 26, 2034	May 27, 2031	May 26, 2034	May 27, 2044			
Tranche Size	JPY80.0bn	JPY88.0bn	JPY17.7bn	JPY19.3bn	JPY2.0bn	JPY6.8bn	JPY16.2bn			
Coupon (p.a.)	0.99%	1.33%	1.57%	1.91%	1.57%	1.91%	2.55%			
Reoffer Spread (bp)	MS+50	MS+50 MS+70 MS+80 MS+92 MS+80 MS+92 MS+103								
JLM		Daiwa / Mizuho / Nomura / SMBC Nikko								

Blue Bond

Deal Highlight

- On May 17, the Republic of Indonesia ("Rol") successfully priced a JPY 200bn multitranche Samurai Bonds transaction with blue tranches, marking the tenth consecutive year to access to the Samurai market as well as Rol's second blue bonds following the inaugural issuance last year.
- The transaction marked a number of important milestones including:
 - 1. The largest transaction size from Rol in the JPY bond markets with well oversubscribed orderbook
 - The largest issuance size from a sovereign issuer in the history of the Samurai market
 - The largest (JPY 25bn) and longest (20yr) blue bond issuance ever in the JPY bond markets
- The Rol has successfully priced 3yr and 5yr at spreads below those of the previous year and achieved the largest issue volume in 7yr and longer tranches, and issuance of 20 year for the first time since 2021. The successful transaction underscores the robust yen bond market and the strong investor base bolstered by Rol's annual issuances.

Investor Breakdown





2024 GLOBAL SUKUK TRANSACTION SUMMARY

Issuer		Perusahaan P	enerbit SBSN Indonesia III					
Issue Format	144A / Reg S, Senior	144A / Reg S, Senior, Unsecured, Wakala US\$ Trust Certificate ("Sukuk") issued under a USD\$35 billion						
			cate Issuance Programme					
Issuer Ratings			/ BBB Stb (S&P) / BBB Stb (Fitch)					
Issue Ratings			s) / BBB (S&P) / BBB (Fitch)					
Pricing Date		· -	25 June 2024					
Issue Date			July 2024 (T+5)					
Tenor	5Y Sukuk	USD 10Y Sukuk	USD 30Y Sukuk (Green)					
Maturity Date	2 July 2029	2 July 2034	2 July 2054					
Tranche Size	USD 750 million	USD 1 billion	USD 600 million					
Profit Rate	5.10% Fixed, Semi- annual, 30/360	5.20% Fixed, Semi- annual,30/360	5.50% Fixed, Semi-annual 30/360					
Re-Offer Price	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%					
Reoffer Spread	UST + 83 bps	UST + 96 bps	UST + 111 bps					
Reg S ISIN	USY68613AA90	USY68613AB73	USY68613AC56					
144A ISIN	US71567TAA07	US71567TAB89	US71567TAC62					
Use of Proceeds	receives from the issue	The Obligor intends to use the net proceeds it receives from the issue of Sukuk to meet part of its general financing requirements. The Obligor intends to invest an amount equal to the ne proceeds from the issue of the trust certificates exclusive to finance or re-finance expenditure directly related to "Eligible SDGs Expenditures with Green and Blue focus defined in the Obligor's SDGs Government Securities Framework.						
Other Details	USD200k/1k denoms., E	English / Indonesian Law						
Listing	SGX-ST and Nasdaq Du	ıbai						
Joint Bookrunners	Citigroup (B&D), Dubai Is	slamic Bank, HSBC, Mar	ndiri Securities and MUFG Securities					
Co-Managers	PT BRI Danareksa Seku	uritas and PT Trimegah S	Sekuritas Indonesia Tbk					

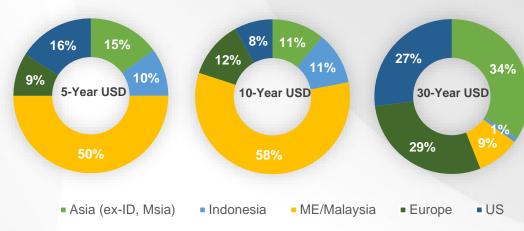
Deal Highlight

- · Several notable achievements of this transaction include:
 - 1. Negative NIC for the 5-year tranche, and a low NICs for the 10 and 30 years
 - 2. Peak orderbook stood at US\$ 8.0 billion, at 3.42x cover allowing 30bps tightening across all tranches, the steepest tightening from Indonesian global bonds issuance this year
 - 3. Higher allocation to Islamic/Middle Eastern investors for the 5 and 10 year compared to 2023 issuance, increasing the diversity of investor base of ROI's securities
 - 4. Largest USD issuance from ASEAN issuers this year
- The 30-year Green Sukuk tranche is the seventh global Green Sukuk issued by the Republic, and the second since the Republic published its SDGs Government Securities Framework in August 2021.

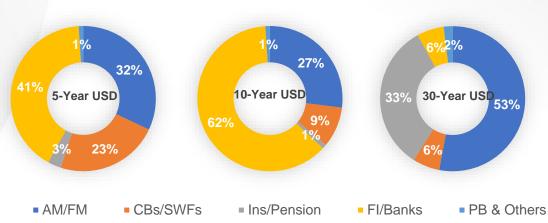
ORDERBOOK DISTRIBUTION

5-Year USD	10-Year USD	30-Year USD
US\$ 1.50bn+	US\$ 1.80bn+	US\$ 1.20bn+
From 52 accounts	From 59 accounts	From 76 accounts

INVESTORS BY GEOGRAPHY (ALLOCATION)



INVESTORS BY TYPE (ALLOCATION)





dippr SEC15 DEAL REVIEW

September 3, 2024

US\$ 2.6 bn-equivalent





Baa2 Stable (Moody's) / BBB Stable (S&P) / BBB Stable (Fitch)

US\$1.15bn 4.750% due 2034, US\$650mm 5.150% due 2054, €750mm 3.650% due 2032

Format:	SEC Registered						
Issue Ratings:	Baa2 (Moody's) / BBB (S&P) / BBB (Fitch)						
Tranche:	US\$ 10 Year	US\$ 30 Year	EUR 8 Year SDG				
Issue Size:	US\$1.15bn	US\$650mm	€750mm				
Settlement Date:	10 Sep 2024	10 Sep 2024	10 Sep 2024				
Maturity Date	10 Sep 2034	10 Sep 2054	10 Sep 2032				
nitial Price Guidance:	5.150% area	5.500% area	MS+160 bps area				
Final Price Guidance:	4.800% (#)	5.200% (#)	MS+130 bps area				
Pricing:	4.800%	5.200%	MS+125 bps				
Reoffer Price:	99.607	99.245	99.503				
Reoffer Yield:	4.800%	5.200%	3.723%				
Coupon:	4.750%	5.150%	3.650%				
Denominations:	US\$200,0	00 / 1,000	EUR100,000/1,000				
Use of Proceeds:	EUR 8Y: The Republi proceeds in projects to	hat may qualify as Elig	amount equal to the ne lble SDGs Expenditure lo") SDGs Government				
Listing:	SGX-ST and Frankfurt Stock Exchange						
Governing Law:	New York Law						

Key Transaction Highlights



Largest G2 currency bond issuance by Asia-ex-Japan sovereign issuers in 2024YTD



The second Sustainable Development Goals ("SDG") Bond in EUR issued by the Republic, after the first one in 2021, showcasing the Republic's continuous ESG commitment



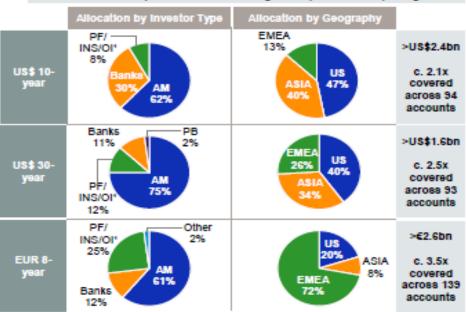
The orderbook has been well supported by global high-quality and real-money accounts, with the final orderbook size reaching over US\$4 billion for the USD tranches in aggregate and over €2.6 billion for the EUR SDG tranche



The strong momentum of the orderbook allowed final pricing to tighten 35bps/30bps/35bps from IPG for the 10-year USD/30-year USD/8-year EUR SDG bonds respectively



The offering marked the return of the Republic to the EUR market since last EUR issuance in September 2021, resetting the Republic's EUR pricing curve





SOLID POLICY COORDINATION IN MANAGING FINANCIAL MARKETS VOLATILITY



The enactment of Law No. 9/2016 regarding Prevention and Mitigation of Financial System Crises as a legal foundation for the government to serves at the time of financial crisis in the form of Financial System Stability Committee (KSSK)



KSSK members: the Ministry of Finance, Bank Indonesia, the Finansial Services Authority, and the Deposit Insurance Corporation



Most important provisions stipulated in the Law:

- Financial system stability monitoring and maintenance by KSSK members
- · based on crisis management protocol of each member;
- Prevention of financial system crisis, including the mitigation of
- systemically important bank's liquidity and solvency problems;
- Recovery Plan for Systemically Important Banks
- Bank Restructuring Program

Gov't Securities CMP Level



NORMAL AWARE NORMAL ALERT SUSPECTED CRISIS

Gov't Securities Crisis Management Protocol (CMP)

Indicators:

- Yield of benchmark series
- o Exchange rate
- Jakarta Composite Index
- Foreign ownership in government securities

Policies to address the crisis at every level:

- Repurchase the government securities at secondary market
- Postpone or stop the issuance

Bond Stabilization Framework

First Line of Defense	
State's Budget	 Buyback fund at DG of Budget Financing and Risk Management Investment fund at Public Service Agency (BLU) (min. level Normal Aware)
State Owned Enterprises (BUMN)'s Budget	Related SOEs (min. level Normal Aware)
State Owned Enterprises (BUMN)'s Budget	Related SOEs (min. level Normal Aware)
First Line of Defense	
State's Budget	 State General Treasury Account (Rekening KUN) (min. level Normal Alert) Accumulated cash surplus (SAL) (min. Level Suspected Crisis)

THANK YOU



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Direktorat Jenderal Pengelolaan Pembiayaan dan Risiko Kementerian Keuangan Republik Indonesia

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